COMMUNICATION & EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY

Placement: Second Year Theory – 90hours (Class 60 + lab 30)

Course Description - This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal and human relations, develop basic skills in guidance and counseling, principles of education, teaching individuals and groups in clinical, community and health educational settings.

Unit	Time	Learning	Contents	Methods of teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Objective			Methods
I	T=5 P=1	 Describe the communicati on process Identify Techniques of effective communicati on 	Review of communication process • Process, elements and channels Facilitators • Barriers and methods of overcoming Techniques	 Lecture/Discussions Role Plays Exercise with audio videotapes 	 Respond to critical incidents Long/Short answer Objective type Anecdota l records
П	T=5 P=0	Establish Effective Interpersonal relations with patients, families and co-workers	 Interpersonal relations Purpose and types Phases Barriers to interpersonal relations Methods of overcoming barriers Johari Window 	 Lecture/discussions Sociometry Group Games Psychometric exercises followed by discussions 	Long/Short answersObjective type

III	T=5	Develop	Human Relations	Lecture/discussions	• Long/shor
111	P=1	effective	• Understanding self	• Group Games	t answers
	1 –1	Human	Social behavior	Psychometric	 Objective type
		relations In	Social attitudes	exercises	• Respond to
		context of	 Individual and 	followed by	test based
				discussions	on critical
		nursing	Group & Groups and individual	uiscussions	incidents
			• Human relations		Anecdota
			in context of		l records
			nursing		
			• Group Dynamics		
TX 7	Т 10	- Davidon	• Team Work	Lecture/discussions	. I ana/alaan
IV	T=10	Develop basic skills	Guidance and		
	P=5		counseling	• Role play on	t answers
		of	• Definition, meaning,	counseling in	Objective
		counseling	purpose, scope	different	type Assess
		and	&need.	situations	performance
		guidance	Basic Principles	followed by	in role play
			• Areas of counseling	discussions	situations
			Organization of		
			counseling		
			services		
			 Approaches 		
			to		
			counseling		
			• Attributes and skills		
			of counselor		
			• Issues for counseling		
			in nursing students		
			and nursing		
			personnel		
			 Counseling 		
			process steps		
			&techniques		
			• Tools for		
			collecting		
			information		
			 Problem solving 		
			approaches		
			Management of		
			crisis		
			and referral		

V	T=10 P=8	Describe the Philosophy and principles of education Explain teaching learning process	Principles of Education & Teaching Learning Process • Education: meaning philosophy aims, functions, &principles • Nature & Characteristics of learning • Principles and maxims of teaching • Domains of objectives & formulation of general and specific objective • Lesson planning Classroom management	 Lecture/discussion Exercise on writing objectives Prepare lessons plan Microteaching 	 Long/Shor t answers Objective type Assess lesson plans Assess teaching sessions
---	-------------	---	---	---	--

VI	T=10	Demonstrate	Methods Of Teaching:	Lecture discussions	• Long/Shor
	P=5	teaching	• Lecture,	• Conduct5teachin	t answers
		skills in	demonstration	g sessions using	 Objective
		various	• Group	different	type
		teaching	discussions,	methods and	• Assess
		methods in	Seminar,	media	teachin
		clinical,	Symposium, panel		g
		classroom &	discussion, role-		Sessions
		community	play.		
		settings.	 Project method field 		
			trip, workshop,		
			exhibition		
			• Computer		
			assisted learning		
			programmed		
			instructions		
			• Micro- teaching,		
			Evidence based		
			learning		
			• Self-instructional		
			module, simulation		
			etc. Clinical		
			Teaching Methods:		
			Bedside Clinics,		
			Case Method,		
			Nursing rounds,		
			morning & afternoon		
			reports,		
			Conference		
			Individual & group,		
			☐ Field visits,		
			process recording		

VII	T=5	Prepare and	Educational Media	Lecture discussion	Long/Shor
V 11	P=5	use different		Demonstration	t answer
	r –3		• Purpose and types of Audiovisual and		
		types of		• Prepare	Objective
		educational	principles and sources	different	type
		media	etc.	teaching aids	• Assess the
		effectively	• Graphic Aids:	projected and	teaching
			• Chalkboard,	non- projected	aids
			Charts, graph,	• Prepare a	prepared
			poster	programme for	
			• Flash cards,	the given topic	
			flannel Graph,	 Visit to dept of 	
			Bulletin Board,	communication,	
			Cartoon	&educational	
			Three Dimensional	technology	
			Aids:		
			• Objects,		
			specimens, models,		
			& puppets.		
			• Printed Aids:		
			• Pamphlets &leaflets.		
			Projected Aids:		
			Slides overhead		
			projector		
			transparency		
			preparation		
			• Films,		
			T.V.VCR/ VCD		
			• Camera,		
			Microscope,		
			LCD,DVD		
			Audio Aids:		
			• Tape recorder,		
			public address system		
			• Computer		

VIII	T=5	• Prepare	Assessment	Lecture discussion	Long/Shor
,	P=5	different types	 Purpose &scope 	Exercise on	t answer
		of questions	of evaluation &	writing different	• Objective
		for assessment	assessment	types of	type
		of knowledge,	• Criteria for selection	assessment tools	• Assess the
		skills, and	of assessment		strategies
		attitude	technique and		used in
			methods.		practice
			Assessment		teaching
			of		• Assess the
			knowledge:		different
			• Essay Type		tools,
			Questions, Short		prepared
			answers questions		during exercise
			(SAQ),Multiple choice		sessions.
			questions(MCQ)		sessions.
			Assessment Of Skills		
			Observation		
			checklist, Practical		
			exam, Viva,		
			Objective Objective		
			Structured, Clinical		
			examination		
			(OSCE)		
			Assessment of		
			Attitudes:		
			Attitude Scales		
IX	T=5	• Teaching	Information,	Lecture discussion	Long/Shor
	P=0	individuals	Education &	Plan and conduct	t answer
		groups and	Communication for	Health education	Objective type
		communities about health	Health (ICE)Health behavior	sessions for individual group	typeAssess the
		with their	Health behavior and health	and communities	planning &
		active	education	and communities	conduction
		participation	 Planning for 		of the
		participation	health education		educational
			 Principles of 		session
			health education		
			 Health education 		
			with individuals,		
			groups and		
			communities		
			 Methods and media 		
			for communicating		
			health messages.		
			• Using mass media		

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-I

Placement: Second Year Theory: 90hours
Practical: 135 hours

Course Description-This Course is designed for Students to understand the principles of promotion and maintenance of health

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Contents	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	Describe Concept and dimensions of health	 Introduction Community health nursing Definition, concept and Dimensions of health Determinants of health Promotion of health Indicators of health Maintenance of health 	Method • Lecture, Discussion	• Short answers
II	18	Describe determinants of health & Environment	 Determinants of health Eugenics Physical: Air, light Environmental factors contributing Health Ventilation, water, Housing Sanitation; disposal of waste, disposal of dead bodies, Forestation, Noise, Climate, Bacterial & Viral: Agents, host carriers and immunity Arthropods and Rodents Communication; Infrastructure facilities and Linkage Insect, Rodent& Parasite Control Noise Control 	 Lecture, Discussion Explain using Charts, Graphs, Models, films slides Visits to water supply, sewage disposal, milk plants, slaughter house etc. 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type

Disposal of
refuge/Sewag
e
Disposal of
human excreta
Disposal of the dead
• Involvement of
governmental and
non- governmental
organizations in
environmental heath
Act Regulation the
environment
:National Pollution
Control board
Public health Laws
related to
environment health
• Food hygiene:
Production,
Preservation,
Purchase,
Preparation and
consumption
Acts Regulating
Food Hygiene
Prevention of
food
adulteration
acts,
Drugs and cosmetic
act
Socio cultural
aspects of nutrition
in food hygiene
Socio-Cultural
• Customs, taboos
Marriage System Family Structure
• Family Structure
• Status of
special Group;
Females, Children
Elderly, Challenged Groups
Challenged Groups and Sick persons
Life Style
Hygiene
Physical Activity
Recreation
and Sleep
Sexual life
DOMMI IIIC

	 Spiritual life philosophy Self Reliance Dietary pattern Education Occupation Financial Management Income Budget Purchasing power Security 	

III	10	Describe concept aims, scope, uses Methods and approach of epidemiolog y	Epidemiology Definition ,concept, Aims, scope uses and Terminology used in epidemiology Dynamics of Disease Epidemiological triad Morbidity and mortality: Measurement s Levels of Prevention Methods of epidemiology of Descriptive Analytical: Epidemic investigations Experimental	 Lecturer Discussion Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides 	Essay type Short answers

management of common Communicable e diseases	_	using Charts, Graphs • Models, films, slides • Seminar Supervised field Practice-health centers, clinics and homes Group projects/ Health education	type
	Arthropod infectionsDengueMalariaFilariasis		
	of common Communicabl	of common Communicable e diseases • Respiratory infections • Small Pox • Chicken Pox • Measles • Influenza • Rubella • ARI's «Pneumo nia • Mumps • Diphtheria • Whooping cough • Meningococc al meningitis • Tuberculosis • SARS • Intestinal Infections • Poliomyelitis • Viral Hepatitis • Cholera • Diarrhoea I diseases • Typhoid Fever • Food poisoning • Amoebiasis • Hookwor m Infection • Ascariasis • Dracunculiasis • Arthropod infections • Dengue • Malaria	of common Communicable e diseases • Respiratory infections • Small Pox • Chicken Pox • Measles • Influenza • Rubella • ARI's & Pneumo nia • Mumps • Diphtheria • Whooping cough • Meningococc al meningitis • Tuberculosis • SARS • Intestinal Infections • Poliomyelitis • Viral Hepatitis • Cholera • Diarrhoea I diseases • Typhoid Fever • Food poisoning • Amoebiasis • Hookwor m Infection • Ascariasis • Dracunculiasis • Arthropod infections • Dengue • Malaria • Filariasis

Viral
Rabies
Yellow fever
Japanese
encephaliti
S
Kyasnur
Forest
Diseases
Bacterial
Brucellosis
• Plague
Human
Salmonellosi
s
Anthrax
Leptospirosis
Rickettsial diseases
Rickettsia
1
Zoonoses
Scrubtyphus
Murinetyphus
Ticktyphus
• Qfever
Parasitic zoonoses
Taeniasis
Hydatiddisease
Leishmaniasis
Surface infection
Trachoma
Tetanus
Leprosy
STD &RTI
• Yaws
• HIV
Any other

\mathbf{V}	8	• Describe	Epidemiology and	Lecture,	• Essay type
		Epidemiolog	nursing management	Discussion	• Short answers
		y and nursing	of Non-		 Objective
		management	communicable	using Charts,	type
		of common	diseases	graphs,	
		Non-	Malnutrition:	☐ Models, films,	
		Communicabl	under nutrition,	slides, Seminar	
		e diseases	over nutrition,	Supervised field	
			nutritional	Practice-health	
			deficiencies	centers, clinics	
			Anemia	and homes group	
			 Hypertension 	projects/ Health	
			• Stroke	education	
			Rheumatic Heart		
			Diseases		
			Coronary Heart		
			Diseases		
			• Cancer		
			Diabetes mellitus		
			• Blindness		
			 Accidents 		
			 Mental illness 		
			• Obesity		
			Iodine Deficiency		
			 Fluorosis 		

			EpilepsyAsthmaArthritis		
VI	6	Describe the concepts And scope of demography Describe methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic Data	 Demography Definition, concept and scope Demography cycle Methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data Demographic rates and ratios 	• Lecture, Discussion	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of survey report
VII	17	 Identify the impact of population explosion in India Describe methods of populatio n control 	Population and its control Population explosion, its impact on social, economic development of individual, society and country Population control: Overall development: women empowerment, social, economic and educational development Limiting family size: < Promotion of small family norms < Methods: spacing (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical, etc) < Terminal: surgical methods < Emergency Contraception	 Lecture, Discussion Population survey Counseling Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of Survey report

VIII	5	 Describes Social issues Understand the Resettlement and rehabilitation of people: its problems and concerns. Case studies Understand the 	Social issues and the environment • From unsustainable to sustainable development • Urban problems related to energy • Resettlement and rehabilitation of people :I ts problems and concerns. Case studies	 Lecture, Discussion Population survey Counseling Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice 	Essay typeShort answers
------	---	---	--	--	--

Environment	1) Environmental	
al ethics:	ethics: issues and	
issues and	possible solutions	
possible	2) Climate	
solutions	change,global	
Understands	warming, acid rain,	
Climate	ozone layer	
change,global	depletion, Nuclear	
warming, acid rain, ozone	accidents and	
layer	nuclear accidents	
depletion,	and nuclear	
Nuclear	holocaust.Case	
accidents and	studies	
nuclear accidents and	3) Wasteland	
nuclear	reclamation	
holocaust	4) Consumerism and	
	waste products	
	5) Environment and	
	human health	
	6) Role of information	
	technology in	
	environment and	
	human health.	

COMMUNITYHEALTHNURSIN

G-I PRACTICAL

Placement:Second Year 135 hours

Objective of Practical Experience: (CHN – Practical I)

At the end of the Practical Experience:

- I Studentwilldevelopskillsinassessmentofanindividualanddeveloprapportwithfamilyan d community atlarge.
- II Studentswillbeabletofindouthealthneedsoftheclients&familytoprovidefamilyoriented health care in Urban and RuralCommunity.
- III Students will attend different health clinic stok now various laboratory investigations (simple investigations enlisted in the curriculum)

IVTo be able to conduct immunizationclinics.

V TopracticehealtheducationatdifferentsettingsintheUrbanandRuralcommunity.

VITo write family health care study based on nursing processapproach.

Distribution of practical HRS:

Urban PublicHealthExperience:	70Hrs.
 CommunityHealthNSG.Laboratory/ClassroomPractice: 	15Hrs
 Demonstration of Homevisiting 	
 Demonstration of Home Nursingprocedures. 	
 Preparation of familyfolder 	
Familyorientedcare:	35Hrs
 Assessment ofindividuals 	
 Home visiting writing family carestudy. 	
 Simple family / community healthsurvey 	
 Reporting & Recording 	
 VisitstocommunityHealthagency/NGOS: 	10Hrs
HealthEducation:	10Hrs

Rural PublicHealthExperience:	65Hrs (2wks)
 Visittoprimaryhealthcentre&RuralHospital: 	25Hrs
 Attendingimmunization&ANCClinics: 	20Hrs
 Homevisitsforassessment&planninghomecare: 	10Hrs
• HealthEducationinclinics/school/Anganwadietc.:	10Hrs

Areas	Duration (inweek)	Objective	Skill	Assignment	Assessmen
Community health nursing	2 wks Urban & 2 wks rural	Build &Maintain rapport Identify demographic Characteristics, health determinants & community health resources Diagnose health needs of individual & families Provide primary care in health centre Counsel & educate individual family & community **Community**	 Use Techniques of interpersonal relationship Identification of health determinants of community History taking Physical examination n Collect specimens sputum malarial smear Perform simple lab tests at centre-blood for Hemoglobinan d sugar, urine for albumin and Sugar Administer vaccines and medicationst o adults Counseland d teach individual, family and community Nutrition Hygiene Self health monitoring Seeking health Services Healthy lifestyle Family welfare methods Health promotion s 	 To work with 2 assigned families each in urban & rural Family study-I Observatio n report of community-1 Health talks-2 (1 in urbanand inrural) 	t methods Assess clinical performanc e with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of family study observation report health talk Completio n of activity record.

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – I

Placement -Second Year

Time - Theory -210 hours Practical -720 hours

Course Description -The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10	Appreciate the trends in medical and surgical nursing Describe the role of nurse in caring for adult patient in hospital and community Describe the concepts of medical surgical asepsis	 Introduction: Introduction to medical surgical nursing – evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing Review of Concepts of Health and illness Disease - concepts, causations, classification diseases (ICD -10 or later version), Acute illness Chronic illness & Terminal illness, stages of illness Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions based on nursing process Role of nurse, patient and family in care of adult patient Role and responsibilities of a nurse in medical surgical settings:	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrati on Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	- Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list
II	15	Describe the common signs, symptoms,	Common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Vomiting Dyspnea and cough, respiratory	Lecture DiscussionSeminarCase discussion	- Short answers - Objective type question

		the etiology, pathophysi ology clinical	 (adults including elderly) with disorders of digestive system: Review of anatomy and physiology of digestive system 	•	Discussion Explain using charts, graphs,	Short answersObjective
IV	30	etiology, pathophysi ology clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic measures and manageme nt of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of respiratory system Describe the	respiratory problems: Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of adults including elderly with – Upper Respiratory tract infections Bronchitis Asthma Emphysema Empyema Atelectasis Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases (COPD) Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Pulmonary Tuberculosis Lung abscess Pleural effusion Cysts and Tumours Chest injuries Respiratory arrest and insufficiency Pulmonary embolism Special therapies, alternative therapies, nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with	•	Explain using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions / Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation	- Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient managemen t problem
III	20	problems and their specific nursing interventio ns Describe the	obstruction Fever Shock Unconsciousness, Syncope Pain Incontinence Edema Age related problems — Geriatric Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with	•	Lecture Discussion	- Essay type

		manifestati	cardiovascular system,	•	Models,	type
		clinical	physiology of blood and		graphs	- Objective
		ology,	• Review of anatomy and		charts,	
		pathophysi	problems:		using	answers
		etiology,	blood and cardio vascular	•	Explain Explain	- Short
'	30	the	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with	•	Lecture Discussion	- Essay type
V	30	Describe			Lastura	- Eccay type
			Drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system			
			Nursing procedures			
			therapies			
			Special therapies, alternative			
			obstruction, stones and tumours			
			tumours Gall Bladder - inflammation,			
			hypertension, hepatic failure,			
			abscess, cirrhosis, portal			
			Liver - inflammation, cyst,			
			Pancreas - inflammation, cyst, abscess and tumours			
			Peritonitis / Acute abdomen			
			fissures, fistulas			
			□ Anal & Rectum - hemorrhoides,			
			mass, abscess, rupture			
			□ Appendix – inflammation,			
			tumour and lump Hernias			
			infection, obstruction and			
			colitis, inflammation and			
			□ Large intestinal disorders-			
			perforation			
			enteritis, mal-absorption, obstruction, tumour and			
			inflammation & infection,			
			□ Small intestinal disorders -			
			tumours, pyloric stenosis			
			deudenal ulcer, bleeding,		presentation	
		System	Stomach and deudenum - hiatus hernia, gastritis, peptic and	•	Drug book/	
ſ		digestive system	and tumours		practice	t problem
		disorders of	stricture, obstruction, bleeding		clinical	managemen
		with	Oesophagus - inflammation	•	Supervised	of patient
		elderly)	teeth	•	Health education	Assessment
		including	☐ Oral cavity — lips, gums, tongue, salivary glands and	•	/ Seminar Health	-
		(adults	Disorders of: Oral cavity line gums		discussions / Seminar	1151
		nt of patients	& nursing management	•	Case	with check list
		manageme nt of	and medical, surgical, dietetics		session	of skills
		and	diagnosis, treatment modalities	•	Practice	Assessment
		measures	clinical manifestations,		on	-
		diagnostic	and physical assessmentEtiology, Pathophysiology	•	Demonstrati	question
		ons,	-		films, slides	type question
		manifestati	Nursing Assessment – History		Models,	type

ons,
diagnostic
measures
and
manageme
nt of
patients
(adults
including
elderly)
with blood
and cardio
vascular
problems

Describe the vascular conditions and its nursing manageme nt

- Nursing Assessment History and Physical assessment
- Etiology, Pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of –
- Vascular system
- Hypertension, Hypotension
- Artherosclerosis
- Raynaud's disease
 - Aneurism and Perpherial vascular disorders

Heart

- Coronary artery diseases
- Ischemic Heart Disease
- Cornory atherosclerosis
- Angina pectoris
- Myocardial infarction
- Valvular disorders of the heart
- Congential and acquired
- Rheumatic Heart diseases
- Endocarditis, Pericarditis Myocarditis
- Cardio Myopathies
- Cardiac dysrhythmias, Heart Block
- Congestive cardiac failure
- Cor-pulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade
- Cardiac emergencies and arrest
- Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)
- Blood
- Anaemias
- Polycythemia
- Bleeding disorders, clotting factor defects and platelets defects
- Thalassemia
- Leukaemias
- Leukopenias and Agranulocytosis
- Lymphomas
- Myelomas
- Special therapies
- Blood transfusion, safety checks, procedure and requirements, management of adverse transfusion reaction, records for blood transfusion.

- films, slides
- Demonstrati on
- Practice session
- Case discussions/
- Health education
- Supervised clinical practice
- Drug book/ presentation
- Visit to blood bank
- Participatio n in blood donation camps
- Counselling

- question
- Assessment of skills with check list
- Assessment of patient managemen t problem

th et pa ol C' m or di m ar m nt pa (a in el w di ge ur sy	Describe ne tiology, athophysi logy, clinical nanifestati ns, iagnostic neasures nd nanageme t of atients neluding lderly) with isorders of enito- rinary ystem	Alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorders Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with genito-urinary problems: Review of anatomy and physiology of genito-urinary system Nursing Assessment –History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of – Nephritis Nephrotic syndrome Nephrosis Renal calculus Tumours Acute renal failure Chronic renal failure Chronic renal failure Chronic renal failure Congenital disorders, urinary infections Benign prostate hypertrophy Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and urethera – inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, tumour, prostrate Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of genito-urinary disorders Nursing management of disorders	•	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation	- Essay type - Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient managemen t problem
th	ne	of male (adults including elderly) reproductive system :	•	Discussion Explain	- Short

		pathophysi ology clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic measures and manageme nt of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of male reproductive system	Review of anatomy and physiology of male reproductive system Nursing Assessment -History and physical assessment Etiology,Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system - Congenital malformations; cryptorchidism Hypospadiasis & Epispadiasis Infections Testis and adjacent structures Penis Prostate - inflammation, infection, hypertrophy, tumour Sexual Dysfunction Infertility Contraception Breast : Gynecomastia, tumour Climacteric changes Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of male reproductive system	using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation	- Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient managemen t problem
VIII	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysi ology clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic measures and manageme nt of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of endocrine system	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of endocrine system: Review of anatomy and physiology endocrine system Nursing Assessment - History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — Disorders of Thyroid and Parathyroid Diabetes mellitus Diabetes insipidus Adrenal tumour Pituitary disorders Special therapies, alternative therapies	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice 	- Essay type - Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient managemen t problem

			Nursing procedures		D 1 1/	
			Nursing procedures	•	Drug book/	
			Drugs used in treatment of		presentation	
						_
IX	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysi ology clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic measures and manageme nt of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of skin	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of Integumentary system: Review of anatomy and physiology of skin and its appendages Nursing Assessment -History and Physical assessment Etiology,Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of disorders of skin and its appendages Lesions and abrasions Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses - Infectious and Non infectious "inflammatory dermatoses" Acne Vulgaris Allergies and Eczema Psoriasis Malignant melanoma Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures	•	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation	- Essay type - Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient managemen t problem
X	15	Describe the etiology, pathophysi ology clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic measures and manageme nt of patients (adults including elderly) with	Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of Integumentary system Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with musculo-skeletal problems: Review of anatomy and physiology of musculo-skeletal system Nursing Assessment -History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — Disorders of - Muscles, Ligaments and Joints - inflammation, infection, trauma Bones—inflammation, infection,	•	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education	- Essay type - Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient

	disorders of musculo skeletal system	dislocation, fracture, tumour and trauma Osteomalacia and Osteoporosis Arthritis Congenital deformities Spinal column – defects & deformities, Tumor, Prolapsed inter vertebral disc, pott's spine Paget's disease Amputation Prosthesis Transplant & replacement surgeries Rehabilitation Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of musculoskeletal system	•	Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation	managemen t problem
XI 10	Describe the etiology, pathophysi ology clinical manifestati ons, diagnostic measures and manageme nt of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of immunolog ical system.	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with Immunological problems Review of immune system Nursing Assessment - History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities & medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of — Immunodeficiency disorder Primary immuno deficiency Phagocytic dysfunction B-cell and T-cell deficiencies Secondary immuno-deficiencies Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) Incidence of HIV & AIDS Epidemiology Prevention of Transmission Standard Safety precautions Role of Nurse, Counselling Health education and home care consideration National AIDS Control Program- NACO, various national and international agencies Infection control program Rehabilitation		Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Demonstrati on Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/ presentation Orientation visit to Hospital Infection Control System	- Essay type - Short answers - Objective type question - Assessment of skills with check list - Assessment of patient managemen t problem

			Charial thomasias altaurations			
			Special therapies, alternative therapies			
			Nursing procedures			
			Drugs used in treatment of			
			disorders of immunological system			
XII	20	Describe	Nursing management of patient	•	Lecture	- Essay type
		the	(adults including elderly) with		Discussion	
		etiology,	Communicable Diseases	•	Explain	- Short
		pathophysi	 Overview of infectious disease, 		using	answers
		ology	the infectious process		charts,	
		clinical	Nursing Assessment - Historyand		graphs,	- Objective
		manifestati	Physical assessment		Models,	type
		ons,	• Epidemiology, infectious process,		films, slides	question
		diagnostic	clinical manifestations, diagnosis,	•	Demonstrati	
		measures	treatment, prevention and dietetics		on	-
		and	• Control and eradication of	•	Practice	Assessment
		manageme	common Communicable Diseases		session	of skills
		nt of	Tuberculosis	•	Case	with check list
		patients (adults	Diarrhoeal diseases		discussions/	115t
		including	□ Hepatitis A - E		Seminar	_
		elderly)	Herpes	•	Health	Assessment
		with	Chickenpox		education	of patient
		Communic	Smallpox	•	Supervised	managemen
		able	Typhoid Moningitis		clinical	t problem
		Diseases	Meningitis Gas gangrene		practice	-
			Gas gangrene Leprosy	•	Drug book/	
			Dengue		presentation	
			Plague			
			Malaria			
			Diptheria			
			Pertussis			
			Poliomyelitis			
			Measles			
			Mumps			
			Influenza			
			Tetanus			
			Yellow fever			
			Filariasis			
			HIV, AIDS			
			Reproductive Tract Infections			
			Special Infection control			
			measures - Notification,			
			Isolation, Quarantine,			
			Immunization, Infectious			
			disease of hospitals, Special			
			therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures			
			Drugs used in treatment of			
			Communicable diseases			
			Communication discuses			
		<u>l</u>	1	1		

XIII	25	Describe	Peri operative nursing :	• Lecture	- Essay type
	43	the	 Organisation and Physical set 	• Lecture Discussion	Losay type
		organisatio	up of the Operation Theatre		- Short
		n and	(O.T.):	Zapiam	answers
		physical set	Classifications	using charts,	ans wers
		up of	O.T. Design	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Objective
		Operation	Staffing	graphs,	type
		Theatre	Members of the OT team	models, films, slides	question
		Theatre	Duties and responsibilities of	· ·	question
		Identify the	nurse in O.T.	• Demonstrati	_
		various	□ Principles of Health and	on	Assessment
		instruments	operating room attire	• Practice	of skills
		and	Instruments	session	with check
		equipments	Sutures & suture materials	• Case	list
		used for	Equipments	discussions	1100
		common	O.T. tables and sets for common	/ Seminar	
		surgical	surgical procedures	• Health	
		procedures	□ Positions and draping for	education	
		procedures	common surgical procedures	 Supervised 	
		Describe	Scrubbing procedures	clinical	
		the	Gowning and gloving	practice	
		infection	Preparation of O.T. Sets	• Drug book /	
		control	Monitoring the patient during	presentation	
		measures in	surgical procedures		
		the	 Maintenance of therapeutic 		
		operation	environment in O.T		
		theatre	Standard Safety measures -		
			☐ Infection control: fumigation,		
		Describe	disinfection and sterilisation		
		the role of	Biomedical waste management		
		the nurse in	□ Prevention of accidents and		
		the Peri-	hazards in O.T.		
		operative	A .1 .		
		nursing			
		care	Types Methods of administration		
			TCC / 1.C/		
			D 1		
			_		
			Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CDR)		
			(CPR)		
			Pain management techniques		
			Legal Aspects		

Medical Surgical Nursing -I Practical

(Adult including Geriatrics)

Placement - Second Year

Time - 720 hours

Areas	Durati	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment
	on (in				Methods
	week)				
General Medical Ward (Respira tory, GI, Endocri ne, Renal, Hemotol ogy	6	 Provide nursing care to adult patients with medical disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Assessment of the patient Taking history Perform general and specific physical examination Identify alterations and deviations Practice medical surgical asepsis standard safety measures Administer medications Oral, IV, IM, Subcutaneous, IV therapy IV canulation Maintenance and monitoring Oxygen therapy by different methods Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Naso gastric feeding Assist in common diagnostic Perform/Assist in therapeutic procedures Blood and component therapy Throat Suctioning Collect specimens for common investigations Maintain elimination Catheterisation Bowel wash Enema Urinary drainage Maintain Intake, 	 Assign 3 4 patients for giving planned nursing care Prepare 2 nursing case study & presentati on including drug Maintaini ng drug book Maintain practical record book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of case study / presentation Completion of practical record

General Surgical Ward (GI,	6	Provide pre and post operative	output and documentation Counsel and teach related to specific disease conditions Practice medical surgical asepsis standard safety	• Plan and give care to 3 - 4	Assess performance with rating scale
Urinary, CTVS)		nursing care to adult patients with surgical disorders • Counsel and educate patients and families	 measures Pre operative preparation of patients (along with drugs) Post operative care - Receiving patient, assessment, monitoring care Care of wounds and drainage Suture removal Ambulation and exercise Naso gastric aspiration Care of chest drainage Ostomy care: Gastrostomy Colostomy Enterostomy Blood & component therapy Practice universal 	assigned patients Nursing care plan-2 Nursing case study / presentati on – 1 Maintain drug book	 Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of case study / presentation Completion of activity record
Cardiolo gy ward	2	 Provide nursing care to patients with cardiac disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Physical examination of cardio vascular system Recording and interpreting ECG Monitoring of patients Preparation and assisting in non-invasive and invasive diagnostic procedures Administer cardiac drugs Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation 	 Plan and give care to 2 - 3 assigned patients Nursing care plan-1 Nursing case study / presentati on / Health talk - 1 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of case study / presentation / health talk Completion of activity record

Skin & Commu nicable diseases Ward	1	 Identify skin problems Provide nursing care to patients with skin disorders & Communica ble diseases Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Teach patients and families Practice medical and surgical asepsis – Standard safety measures Assessment of patients with skin disorders Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Administer topical medication Practice medical surgical asepsis – Standard safety measures Use of personal protective equipment (PPE) Give medicated baths Counselling HIV positive patients Teach prevention of infectious diseases 	 Plan and give care to 2 - 3 assigned patients Health talk / Counselling HIV positive patients and families – 1 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation health talk / Counselling session Completion of activity record
Orthopa edic ward	2	 Provide nursing care to patients with musculo -skeletal disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Assessment of orthopaedic patients Assist in application of plaster cast and removal of cast Apply skin traction - buck's extension traction Assist in application and removal of prosthesis Physiotherapy - Range of motion exercises (ROM), muscle strengthening exercises Crutch manoeuvring technique Activities of daily living Ambulation Teach and counsel patients & families 	 Plan &give care to 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan-1 Nursing case study / presentati on – 1 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of nursing care plan & nursing case study / presentation Completion of activity record

Operatio n Theatre	6	 Identify instruments used in common operations Participate in infection control practices in the Operation Theatre Set-up the table / trolleys for common operative procedures Assist in giving anaesthesia Assist in the operative procedures Provide perioperative 	 Scrubbing, gowning gloving Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations Disinfection, Carbolization, fumigation Preparation of instrument sets for common operations Sterilization of sharps and other instruments Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation Positioning and monitoring of patients Endotracheal intubation Assisting in minor and major operations Handling specimens 	 Assist as a circulator y nurse in * Major cases - 10, * Minor cases - 5 Assist as a scrub nurse in * Major cases - 10, * Minor cases - 5 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record
		peri-	S .		

Pharmacology, Pathology and Genetics

Pharmacology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory 45 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
I	3	Describe pharmaco- dynamics, pharmaco-kinetics, classification and the principles of drug administration	 Introduction Definition Sources Terminology used Types: Classification Pharmacodynamics: Actions, therapeutic Adverse, toxic Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, metabolism, interaction, excretion Review: Routes and principles of administration of drugs Indian pharmacopoeia: Legal issues Rational use of drugs Principles of therapeutics 	• Lecture Discussion	 Short answers Objective type
II	6	• Explain chemotherapy of specific infection and infestations and nurse's responsibilities	Chemotherapy Pharmacology of commonly used; Penicillin Cephalosporins Aminoglycosides Macrolide & Broad Spectrum Antibiotics Sulfonamides Quinolones Antiamoebic Antimalarials Anthelmintics Antiscabies agents Antiviral & anti-fungal agents Antitubercular drugs Anti leprosy drugs Anticancer drugs Immuno-suppressants Composition, action, dosage,	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Activity	
III	2	Describe Antiseptics, disinfectants, insecticides and nurse's responsibilities	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics, disinfectants and insecticides • Antiseptics; Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse • Disinfectants • Insecticides	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type
IV	2	Describe Drugs acting on Gastro Intestinal system and nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on G.I system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiemetics, Emetics Purgatives Antacids Cholinergic Anticholinergics Fluid and electrolyte therapy Anti diarrhoeals Histamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type
V	2	Describe Drugs used on Respiratory Systems and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on Respiratory Systems Pharmacology of commonly used- Antiasthmatics Mucolytics Decongestants Expectorants Antitussives Bronchodilators Broncho constrictors Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	·	
VI	2	Describe Drugs used on Urinary system and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on Urinary System Pharmacology of commonly used- Diuretics and antidiuretics Urinary antiseptics Cholinergic and anticholinergics Acidifiers and alkalanizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type
VII	4	Describe Drugs used in De-addiction, emergency, deficiency, of vitamins & minerals, poisoning, immunization, immune-suppression and nurse's responsibilities	Miscellaneous Drugs used in de-addiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency Vitamins and minerals Immunosuppresants Antidotes Antivenom Vaccines and sera	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type
VIII	1	Describe Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes • Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity, Antipruritics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type
IX	8	Describe Drugs used on Nervous system and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs acting on Nervous system • Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used: • Analgesics and Anaesthetics • Analgesics - Non steroidal anti- inflammatory (NSAID)	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			drugs	receivity	
X	5	Describe Drugs used on Cardio- vascular system and nurse's responsiblities	Cardiovascular drugs Haematinics Cardiotonics, Anti anginals Anti-hypertensives & vasodilators Anti-arrhythmics Plasma expanders Coagulants & anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type
XI	4	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorders and	Drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementation,	Lecture DiscussionDrug study	Short answersObjective

Unit	Time	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Learning	method
				Activity	
		supplementation,	contraception and medical	/	type
		contraception and	termination of pregnancy	presentation	
		medical	Insulin's & Oral		
		termination of	hypoglycemic		
		pregnancy and	Thyroid supplements and		
		nurse's	suppressants		
		responsibilities	• Steroids, Anablics		
			Uterine stimulants and		
			relaxants		
			Oral contraceptives		
			• Other estrogen – progesterone		
			preparations		
			Corticotrophine &		
			Gonadotropines		
			Adrenaline		
			Prostaglandins		
			Calcitonins		
			Calcium salts		
			Calcium regulators		
			Composition, action, dosage,		
			route, indications,		
			contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects,		
			adverse effects, toxicity and		
			role of nurse.		

XII	6	Demonstrate awareness of the common drugs used in alternative system of medicine	Introduction to Drugs used in alternative system of medicine: • Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc.	Lecture DiscussionObservation al visit	Short answersObjective type

Pathology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory 30 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit	Ti	me	Objectives	Content	Teaching	Assessment
	(H	rs)			Learning	method
	Th	Pr.			Activities	

I	3	 Define the common terms used in pathology. Appreciate the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and 	 Introduction: - ☐ Importance of the study of pathology ☐ Definition of terms ☐ Methods and techniques ☐ Cellular and Tissue changes. 	Lecture DiscussionExplain using charts	Short answersObjective type
		functions of the body system.	☐ Infiltration and generation ☐ Inflammations and Infections ☐ Wound healing ☐ Vascular changes • Cellular growth, Neoplasms: ☐ Normal & Cancer cell ☐ Benign and ☐ Malignant growths ☐ In situ carcinoma ☐ Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte		
II	10 5	• Explain pathological changes in disease condition of various system	imbalance Special Pathology: - Pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems. Respiratory tract Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effusion and pneumonia. Lung abscess, emphysema, bronchiectasis. Bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease & tumours. Cardio − vascular system: -	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides, specimen, X-rays and scans Visit to Pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit		me Irs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment method
	Th	Pr.	1		Activities	memou
				☐ Pericardial effusion		
				☐ Rheumatic heart		
				disease		
				□ Infective		
				endocarditis,		
				atherosclerosis		
				☐ Ischemia, infarction		
				& aneurysm.		
				• Gastro Intestinal Tract:		
				☐ Peptic ulcer, typhoid		
				☐ Carcinoma of GI tract		
				 buccal, Esophageal, 		
				☐ Gastric & intestinal		
				• Liver, Gall bladder — &		
				pancreas: -		
				☐ Hepatitis, Chronic		
				liver abscess,		
				cirrhosis		
				☐ Tumours of liver, gall		
				bladder and pancreas.		
				Cholecystitis		
				Kidneys & Urinary tract Clampural prophritis		
				☐ Glomerulonephritis, Pyelonephritis		
				☐ Calculi, renal failure,		
				renal carcinoma &		
				cystitis.		
				• Male genital systems:		
				☐ Cryptorchidism,		
				testicular atrophy		
				□ Prostatic hyperplasia,		
				carcinoma penis &		
				prostate		
				• Female genital systems		
				☐ Fibroids		
				☐ Carcinoma cervix and		
				Endometrium.		
				☐ Vesicular mole,		
				Choriocarcinoma		
				☐ Ectopic gestation		
				☐ Ovarian cyst & tumours		
				• Cancer Breast:		
				• Central nervous System:		
				☐ Hydrocephalus,		
				Meningitis, encephalitis		
				□ Vascular disorders –		
				thrombosis, embolism		
				☐ Stroke, Paraplegia,		
				quadriplegia		

Unit		ime Irs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment method
III			Describe various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease condition.	Content ☐ Tumours, meningiomas —gliomas • Metastatic tumours: • Skeletal system: ☐ Bone healing, osteoporosis, osteomyelitis. ☐ Arthritis & tumours: Clinical Pathology • Various blood and bone marrow test in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions: ☐ Hemoglobin ☐ RBC, White cell & platelet counts ☐ Bleeding time, clotting time and prothrombine time ☐ Blood grouping and cross matching ☐ Blood chemistry ☐ Blood culture ☐ Serological and immunological tests ☐ Other blood tests ☐ Examination of Bore marrow.	_	
IV	2	1	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exaduates	 □ Methods of collections of blood specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values Examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates: The laboratories tests used in CSF analysis. Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates – sputum wound discharge etc. Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents. Analysis of semen – sperm count, motility and 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrat ion 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit		me [rs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment method
	Th	Pr.			Activities	method
				 importance in infertility. Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids, — specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values. 		
V	1	1	Describe the laboratory test for the examination of urine and faeces.	Urine and faeces Urine: □ Physical characteristics □ Analysis □ Culture and sensitivity Faeces: □ Characteristics □ Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc. Methods of collection for	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrat ion 	 Short answers Objective type
				various tests, inference and normal values.		

Genetics

Placement : Second Year Time : Theory 15 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment method
I	3	• Explain nature principles and perspectives of heredity	 Introduction: Practical application of genetics in Nursing. Impact of genetic condition on families. Review of cellular division mitosis and meiosis. Characteristics and structure of genes. Chromosomes –sex determination. Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance. ☐ Mendalian theory of inheritance ☐ Multiple allots and blood groups. ☐ Sex linked inheritance ☐ Mechanism of inheritance. ☐ Errors in transmission. (Mutation) 	• Lecture Discussion • Explain using charts, slides	 Short answers Objective type
II	3	Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and disease	 Maternal, Prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases: Conditions affecting the mother genetic and infections. Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies. Maternal Age. Maternal drug therapy. Prenatal testing and diagnosis. Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals. Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural tube defects and the role of folic—acid in lowering the risks. Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 	• Lecture Discussion • Explain using charts, slides	 Short answers Objective type

III	2	Explain	the	Genetic testing in the neonates	• Lecture	• Short
		screening		and children:	Discussion	answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment method
		methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children.	Screening for: ☐ Congenital abnormalities ☐ Development delay. ☐ Dysmorphism	• Explain using charts, slides	Objective type
IV	2	Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults	 Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults: Cancer genetics – Familial Cancer. Inborn errors of metabolism. Blood group alleles and hematological disorder. Genetics haemochromatosis. Huntington"s disease. Mental illness 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides 	Short answersObjective type
V	5	Describe the role of nurse in genetic service and counseling	 Services related to Genetics: Genetic testing Human genome project. Gene therapy. The Eugenics movement. Genetic Counseling. Legal and Ethical issues Role of nurse 	• Lecture Discussion	Short answersObjective type

SOCIOLOGY

Placement: Second Year Theory – 60 Hours

Course Description - This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Course objectives – At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Describe the structure and the dynamics of the society 2.

Discuss the relationship of the individual to the society.

- 3. Understand the social problems and its influence on social changes and the factors contributing to it.
- 4. Describe sociological concepts applicable to nursing.
- 5. Determine role of sociology in nursing as related to social institution in India
- 6. Develop positive attitudes towards individual, family and community.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Contents	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	01	State the importance of sociology in Nursing	 Introduction Definition of Sociology Nature and Scope of the discipline Importance and application of Sociology in Nursing 	LectureDiscussion	Essay typeShort answers
II	03	Describe the interrelationship of individual in society and community	 Individual & Society Society and Community Nature of Society Difference between society and community Process of socialization and individualization Personal disorganization 	LectureDiscussion	Essay typeShort answers
III	03	Describe the influence of culture and on health and disease	 Culture Nature of culture Evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Culture and socialization Trans cultural society Influence on health and disease 	LectureDiscussionPanel Discussion	Essay typeShort answers

IV	04	Identify various social	Social groups and	• Lec	cture	•	Essay type
		groups and their	Processes		scussion	•	Short answers
		interactions	 The meaning and 				
			classification of groups				
			Primary & Secondary				
			Group				
			• In-group V/s. Out-group,				
			• Class, Tribe, caste				
			• Economic, Political,				
			 Religious groups, Mob, 				
			Crowd, Public and				
			Audience Interaction &				
			social processes				
			• Co - operation,				
			competition, conflict •				
			Accommodation,				
			Assimilation & Isolation				
V	06	Explain the growth of	Population	• Lec	cture	•	Essay type
		population in India	 Society and population 	• Dis	scussion	•	Short answers
		and its impact on	• Population distribution in		mmunity		Assessment of
		health	India Demographic		ntification		report on
			characteristics				community
			Malthusian theory of				identification
			populations				
			 Population explosion in 				
			India and its impact on				
			health status				
			 Family welfare 				
			programmes				
VI	05	Describe the	Family and Marriage	• Lec	cture	•	Essay type
		institutions of family	• Family	• Dis	scussion	•	Short answers
		and marriage in	-Function	• Far	mily case study	•	Assessment of
		India	-Types				family case
			Joint, Nuclear, Blended and				study
			extended Family:				
			• Characteristics				
			• The modern family-				
			changes, problems-				
			dowry etc. Welfare services				
			Changes & legislations on				
			family and marriage in India	-			
			marriage acts				
			• Marriage:				
			Forms and functions of				
			marriage, Marriage and				
			family problems in India				
			Family, marriage and their				
			influence on health and				

			health practices		
				1	
VII	07	D 1 4 1 1	G 1 1 G4 4169 41	-	
	07	Describe the class and		• Lecture	 Essay type
	07	caste system and their	 Meaning & types of social 	 Discussion 	Short answers
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification 		 Short answers Assessment of
	07	caste system and their	Meaning & types of social stratificationThe Indian Caste	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	Meaning & types of social stratificationThe Indian Caste	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types Race as a biological 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification Salient features of Primary 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health and health practices	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification Salient features of Primary races Racism 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health and health practices	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification Salient features of Primary 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community
	07	caste system and their influence on health and health practices	 Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste systemorigin & features Features of Caste in India Today Social class system and status Social mobility-meaning & types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification Salient features of Primary races Racism Influence of Class, caste 	 Discussion 	Short answersAssessment of report on community

VIII	06	Describes the types of communities in India, their practices and the impact on health	India (Rural, Urban and Regional) • Features of village community & Characteristics of Indian villages Panchayat system, social dynamics • Community development project and planning • Changes in Indian Rural life • Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practices	 Lecture Discussion Visits to rural and urban community survey 	Assessment of report on community survey
			 The growth of cities: Urbanisation and its impact on health and health practices Major Urban problems Urban Slum Region; problems and impact on Health 		
			impact on Treatm		
IX	04	Explain the process of Social Change	 Social Change Nature and process of Social Change Factors influencing Social change: cultural change, Cultural lag, culture and health (with special reference to women's health) 	LectureDiscussion	Essay typeShort answers

Introduction to Theories of social change:

Linear, Cyclical, Marxian,

Role of nurse -Change

Functional

agents

	04	Describe the Social	Social organization and social system	• Lecture	• Essay type
		system and interrelationship of Social organizations	 Social organization: elements, types Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation, Voluntary associations Social system: Definition and Type of social system Role and Status as structural elements of social system. Inter-relationship of institutions. 	 Discussion Observation visits 	 Short answers Assessment of visit reports
XI	02	Explain the nature	Social Control	Lecture	Essay type
		and process of social control	 Nature and process of social control Political, Legal, 	DiscussionCommunity survey	Short answersAssessment of report on
			Religious, Educational, Economic, Industrial and Technological system; Norms & Values- Folkways& Mores Customs, Laws and fashion Role of nurse		community survey
XII	15	Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India	Social Problems Social disorganization Control & planning: poverty, housing, and illiteracy. Food supplies, prostitution, rights of women & children, vulnerable groups: elderly, handicapped minority groups and other marginalized groups, child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS. Social Welfare programmes in India Role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Institutional visits 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of visit reports

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- 1. Sachadeva Y.V., An introduction to sociology, Kithab Mahal: Allahabad
- 2. R.K.Manelkar, Sociology for Nurses, Sivosankar T.P., Vora Medical Publications
- 3. K.P.Pothen, S.Pothen, Sociology for Nurses, 3rd Edition, N.R.Brothers, Indore. C.N. Shankar Rao Principals of sociology with introduction to social thoughts, S Chand E Company Publishers
- 4. Ashok N.Patel, S.S.Hooda, Sociology
- 5. Dr.N.H.Groenman, Dr.O D'aslevin, M A Bockenham, Social and Behvioural sciences for Nurses, 1st edition, Campanion Press Ltd.
- 6. Dr. Ajithkumar Sinha, Principles of Sociology, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal Educational Publishers
- 7. T.B.Bottomore, Sociology A guide to problem and literature, 2nd edition, Blockie & Sons Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

Evaluation Scheme Internal Assessment: (Theory Exam)Maximum 25 Marks
Mid-term Examination 50 Marks Pre-final Examination 75

Marks

Total 125 Marks

(125 Marks to be converted in to 25 Marks for Internal Assessment (Theory)

External Assessment (Theory) University Examination 75 Marks